## IN THE CLAIMS:

The text of all pending claims are set forth below. Cancelled and withdrawn claims are indicated with claim number and status only. The claims as listed below show added text with underlining and deleted text with strikethrough. The status of each claim is indicated with one of (original), (currently amended), (previously amended), (cancelled), (withdrawn), (new), (previously added), (reinstated - formerly claim #), (previously reinstated), (re-presented - formerly dependent claim #) or, (previously re-presented).

Please AMEND the claims in accordance with the following:

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1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method for acceleration and deceleration control for supplying a movement command which has been subjected to cycles of acceleration and deceleration processing to a servo control section controlling axial movement of axes, wherein the method comprising:

acceleration determining accelerations by, for each cycle in said acceleration and deceleration processing is determined, determining each acceleration in accordance with a speed obtained at a previous processing cycle, such that a speed-acceleration curve of saidgenerated by movement commands which has been subjected to are made by the acceleration and deceleration processing may will lie along a predetermined speed-acceleration curve; where the predetermined and said-speed-acceleration curve is set for each axis, where said predetermined speed-acceleration curve has different acceleration magnitudes for a given speed magnitude depending whether an axis is accelerating or decelerating, and where the predetermined speed-acceleration curve is predetermined before the generated movement commands and dependent on acceleration or deceleration.

- 2. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method for acceleration and deceleration control according to claim 1, wherein said speed-acceleration curve <u>provides a different acceleration magnitudeis set</u> for each direction of movement.
  - 3. (CANCELLED)

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## 4. (CANCELLED)

5. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A numerical control device, comprising:

a memory for storing, for control axisaxes, the relation between individual speeds in acceleration and corresponding predetermined restricted accelerations and also the relation between storing individual speeds in deceleration and corresponding predetermined restricted decelerations, in the form of a predetermined table;

acceleration-deceleration determination means for determining as to whether or not an acceleration operation should be done, an operation of a command speed should be done or a deceleration operation should be done, for said an axis, in the a present processing cycle:

speed determination means for determining speeds in the present processing period cycle, by using a speed in the present processing cycle as a command speed in the case where said acceleration-deceleration determination means decided that an operation of a command speed be applied by reading from said memory a predetermined restricted acceleration corresponding to the speed of said axis obtained in the previous processing cycle to determine a speed in the present processing cycle using said restricted acceleration thus read in the case where said acceleration-deceleration determination means decided that acceleration be applied or by reading from said memory a restricted deceleration corresponding to the speed of said axis obtained in the previous processing cycle to determine a speed in the present processing cycle using said restricted deceleration thus read in the case where said acceleration-deceleration determination means decided that deceleration be applied; and

- output means for finding data on the <u>an</u> amount of movement of said axis in the present processing cycle by using the speed found by said speed <u>determining determination means</u>, and then outputting said data on the amount of movement to a servo control system for said axis.
- (NEW) A method for implanting a movement instruction, comprising:
  providing a speed-to-acceleration mapping that maps speed values to acceleration
  values based on a direction of movement of a robot and a direction of acceleration of the robot;
  and

over a sequence of movement cycles for performing the movement instruction,

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determining a given movement for a cycle by using the speed-to-acceleration mapping to map a speed of a previous cycle to an acceleration value and using the acceleration value for the given movement cycle.

- 7. (NEW) A method according to claim 6, wherein the speed-to-acceleration mapping maps some of the speed values to acceleration values that correspond to a maximum acceleration performance of the robot, thereby reducing the time for completing the movement.
- 8. (NEW) A method for acceleration/deceleration control for supplying a movement command which has been subjected to cycles of acceleration/deceleration processing to a servo control section controlling axial movement of axes, the method comprising:

determining accelerations/decelerations for the movement command by, for each cycle in said acceleration/deceleration processing, determining each acceleration/deceleration in accordance with a speed obtained at a previous processing cycle and in accordance with a predetermined speed-acceleration curve, where the predetermined speed-acceleration curve is set for each axis, and where the predetermined speed-acceleration curve is predetermined before the determining of the accelerations/decelerations.

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